## Summary

Evaluation conducted by: Foundation for Advanced Studies on International Development (FASID) Report date: June 2009

Country: People's Republic of China		Project Name: The Project for Improvement of			
		Solid Waste Management in Xi'an City			
E/N Date of Signature: August 14, 2003		Grant Limit (Cost): 1.323 billion yen			
Local Implementing Agence	ey: Xi'an City	Finish Date: March 3, 2005			
Related Cooperation:	Related Cooperation:				
Development Study, "Study	y on Solid Waste Managem	ent System Improvement Project in Xi'an City"			
(1990)					
Loan Assistance, "Xi'an Environmental Improvement Project" (2002-2006, 9.764 billion yen)					
1. Project objective	Project objective The Project aimed at improving the solid waste management system in Xi'a				
City by providing equipr		nents for the Sanmincun Waste Transfer Station			
	(hereafter, the Transfer S	tation), the Jiang Cungou Landfill (hereafter, the			
	Landfill), and environme	ental monitoring, thereby improving the city's living			
	environment.				
2. Project content	(1) Equipment procurem	ent:			
	- Equipments for the Transfer Station (20 transfer trucks and 25 transfer				
	containers, two sets each	of compression equipments, receiving hoppers,			
	feeders, and container sli	ders, and a set each of hydraulic unit, electrical			
	instrumentation equipme	nt, dust-collecting and deodorization equipment, and			
	spare parts).				
	- Equipments for the Lan	dfill (five dump trucks, three bulldozers, two wheel			
	loaders, a power shovel,	a chemical spray vehicle, a road cleaning vehicle, a			
	landfill compactor, a hye	tometer, and a flowmeter).			
	- Environmental monitor	ing equipments (two gas analyzers each for methane,			
	carbon monoxide, hydrog	gen sulfide, and ammonia; two COD (chemical			
	oxygen demand) meters;	and 4 electric conductivity/pH meters).			
	(2) Soft component:				
	Technical assistance and	training concerning management of the waste			
	transfer system, appropri	ate management of the Landfill, and monitoring			
	study concerning the nati	ural/social environment.			
3. Relevance	Overall evaluation: A				
	Evaluation detail:				
	(1) Consistencies with po	plicies of China and Xi'an City:			
	The Project was consiste	nt with Chinese policies regarding waste			
	management. China is fo	cusing on waste management as one of the priority			
	areas in order to achieve	sustainable development. Xi'an City has been active			
	in establishing a sound so	olid waste management system.			
	(2) Consistencies with a	aid policies of Japan:			
	This Project which aimed	d at improvement of the environment in Xi'an City, is			
	in accordance with "Coo	peration towards resolving environmental and other			
	global issues," in the Eco	onomic Cooperation Program for China, formulated in			
	October 2001.				
	(3) Local needs:				

		Since the urban area of Xi'an City stretches east to west, before the Project,	
		the waste had to be transferred a long distance to the Landfill. The dump	
		trucks caused traffic congestion and secondary pollution. At the Landfill, the	
		lack of heavy machineries made sanitary landfill operations difficult, and there	
		was a need to conduct environmental monitoring on a regular basis.	
		Consequently, the Project was evaluated as highly relevant.	
4.	Appropriateness and	Overall evaluation: A	
	efficiency of	Evaluation detail:	
	facilities/ equipments	(1) Application of facilities/equipments:	
		Almost all the equipments were well-maintained and effectively utilized.	
		(2) Appropriateness of facilities/equipments and the total cost of the Project:	
		The final amount was 1.18 billion ven while the grant limit was 1.32 billion	
		ven. This was because locally-made equipments were selected where possible	
		to make maintenance and management easier. The equipments provided for	
		the Project were appropriate and necessary and Xi'an City has been	
		improving the facilities and equipments since project completion	
		(3) Cooperation with other projects:	
		The leachate generated by the landfill operation which is primarily treated in	
		the plant of the L andfill is re-treated to effluent standards in the Third	
		Sewage-Treatment Plant, which was built with the Japanese loan assistance of	
		"Xi'an Environmental Improvement Project " thus the Project turned out to be	
		an effective cooperation with another project	
		Taking the above into account, the provided equipments were evaluated as	
		hoing appropriate and officient	
5	Effectiveness	Overall evoluation: A	
5.	Lifectiveness	Evaluation detail:	
		(1) Weste transfer system: In addition to the Sanminoun Weste Transfer	
		(1) waste transfer system. In addition to the Sammincum waste fransfer Station, 110 small coole weste transfer stations were built around the city by	
		Station, 110 small-scale waste transfer stations were built around the city by	
		As a result, coverage of wests collection in target energy increased from 0.4 %	
		As a result, coverage of waste conection in target areas increased from 94 $\%$	
		(2002) to 99 % (2009).	
		(2) Saintary Landrin.	
		As for the Landrin, heavy equipments provided by the Hoject made the	
		regulation. At present, cover soil is placed per weste unit elemest every dev, on	
		a much more regular basis then before (once every ten days)	
		<ul> <li>a much more regular basis than before (once every ten days).</li> <li>(2) Decular environmental monitoring.</li> </ul>	
		(5) Regular environmental monitoring.	
		monitoring possible in the Transfer Station and the Londfill Environmental	
		monitoring possible in the Transfer Station and the Landrin. Environmental	
		is now conducted regularly for a broader region of items	
		A) Contributing factors for Drainet's Effectivenes	
		(4) Contributing factors for Project's Effectiveness:	
		One of the contributing factors for the Project's Effectiveness was X1'an	
		City's campaign to obtain the status of a "National Hygienic City," which	
		started in 2004. In this campaign, the Transfer Station and the Landfill were	
		treated as symbols of a "hygienic Xi'an," and all possible measures were	

		taken to acquire accreditation, such as the supply of financial and human	
		resources (The city successfully received its Hygienic City status in 2008).	
		Given the above, it can be concluded that the Project was highly effective.	
6.	Impact (Impact on	Overall evaluation: A	
	overall goal etc.)	Evaluation detail:	
		(1) Improvement of the city's environment:	
		By the establishment of waste transfer system, waste collection in the target	
		area has become more frequent and timely. Illegal dumping was reduced and	
		thus improved the city's environment.	
		(2) Reduction of secondary pollution:	
		Secondary pollution caused by waste transport (waste scattering, waste water	
		seeping, odors, etc.) has been substantially reduced.	
		(3) The environment surrounding the Landfill:	
		Environmental issues such as waste scattering near the Landfill have been	
		improved.	
		(4) Positive spillover effects:	
		The Transfer Station has set an example as not only a model waste transfer	
		station but also as a modernized and sanitary waste management facility,	
		receiving as many as 360 visitors since its opening in 2006. It has been	
		utilized for environmental education for school children and college students.	
		Furthermore, the Project has had a positive impact on waste management	
		workers' health conditions due to a reduction in work hours and an	
		improvement in the working environment.	
		(5) Negative impacts:	
		No negative impacts were found.	
		For the above reasons, the strong, positive impact of the Project has been	
		recognized.	
7.	Sustainability	Overall evaluation: A+	
		(1) Operation and maintenance system:	
		The operation and maintenance of both the Transfer Station and the Landfill	
		have been well executed. The Transfer Station has never been closed down	
		due to mechanical troubles and the staff members are proud of the advanced	
		facility. The management capacity of these two facilities seems to be high.	
		(2) Procurement of spare parts and additional equipments:	
		Spare parts and additional equipments are mostly procured locally because of	
		the establishment of a joint venture company in Chongging.	
		Both the Transfer Station and the Landfill have already made substantial	
		investments in equipments and facilities since the end of the Project (at the	
		Transfer Station, seven waste transfer trucks, 20 transfer containers, automatic	
		air refresheners, etc.; at the Landfill, a leachate treatment plant, three dump	
		trucks, two bulldozers, one wheel loader, etc.).	
		(3) Financial Situation:	
		Both the Transfer Station and the Landfill are financed by the city of Xi'an.	
		For the Landfill, a methane gas-powered electricity generation plant managed	
		by a French company is providing an additional source of income.	
		(4) Capacity of staff:	

	At the Transfer Station, staff members hold weekly study sessions and visit	
	related facilities abroad, in order to brush up their knowledge.	
	These facts show that both the Transfer Station and the Landfill have a high	
	management capacity, and there is a high probability that Xi'an City can	
	sustain the outcome and the impact of the Project.	
(1) Measures to be taken	None.	
(2) Reasons for the	N.A.	
measures to be taken		
8. Publicity effect	Overall evaluation: A	
(visibility)	Iapan's cooperation to the Transfer Station is well known amongst people	
(	working in the field of sanitation and residents in the target area(	
	the survey showed 97% recognition rate). The equipment delivery ceremony	
	at the Landfill and the completion ceremony of the Transfer Station were	
	reported widely by the media.	
	As mentioned above, the Transfer Station attracted many visitors not only as a	
	waste transfer station, but also as a clean and modernized model waste-related	
	facility. The Transfer Station produced an introductory promotion video, in	
	which the assistance from Japan is portrayed.	
9. Evaluations by the	(1) The Project has received a very high evaluation by Shaanxi Province and	
recipient country	Xi'an City International Economic Cooperation Division, the bureau in charge	
(Including any diplomatic	of city environment, and the people interviewed/surveyed.	
effects)	Websites related to environmental sanitation have recently posted articles	
,	which introduce the Transfer Station.	
	(2) A survey regarding the Project was conducted; 149 people, including those	
	living near the Transfer Station and the Landfill as well as others affected by	
	the Project took part in the survey. According to the survey, apart from the	
	odors of the Landfill, participants almost unanimously stated the	
	environmental improvement.	
10. Recommendations	(1) Recommendation to China (Xi'an City)	
and lessons learned	The Landfill is situated in a valley, hence it is expected that as landfill	
	operations increase, the site will gradually rise closer to the surrounding	
	residential areas. Since problems such as odors will become more evident,	
	further actions may need to be taken to alleviate such issues.	
	(2) Lessons learned	
	The waste management has been high priority matter of China. In addition,	
	the timing of implementation of the Project coincided with the campaign	
	period of Xi'an City to be certified as the Environmental Hygienic City. The	
	Project therefore could make a big step toward establishing a sound waste	
	management system in Xi'an City. Cooperation in priority areas of partner	
	country makes cooperation smoother because it secures resources such as	
	funds and manpower.	
	In cooperation in the similar field in the future, it should be considered to	
	utilize the Sanmincun Waste Transfer Station for Third Country Training.	