conducted by Rwanda Office: February 2018

Country Name	ne Project for Capacity Building for Efficient Power System Development in Rwan
Republic of Rwanda	The Project for Capacity Dunuing for Efficient Power System Development in Kwanda

I. Project Outline

•							
Background	In Rwanda, in 2008, the critically low electrification rate of 5% was hindering not only improvement of living standards of the people but also the economic growth of the country recovering from the damages by the genocide in 1994. The government of Rwanda has been setting out improvement of electrification as one of the long-term national goals in the "Rwanda Vision 2020". On the other hand, the electricity supply, which mainly covered the metropolitan area including Kigali, was unstable because of deterioration and degradation of the distribution systems. Therefore, development of the training system for improvement of technical capacity, especially for operation and maintenance of the power system, was an urgent issue. Under those situation, the government of Rwanda requested a technical cooperation project to establish a training system and capacity development for technical staffs of Energy, Water and Sanitation Authority (EWSA) for better operation and maintenance (O&M) of power facilities.						
Objectives of the	*	inings	for the core-trainers and the core-engineers to deliver				
Project technical trainings as well as establishment of GIS database for the distribution system in Kigali, t							
	at improvement of the training system of EWSA, thereby contributing to improvement of operation and						
	maintenance activities for power facilities of EWSA.						
	•						
	1. Overall Goal: Operation and maintenance (O&M	activiti	es for power facilities of EWSA are improved.				
	2. Project Purpose: Training system for operation ar		-				
Activities of the	1. Project Site: Rwanda (Pilot sites: Nyarugenge an	Nyami	rambo in Kigali city)				
Project	2. Main Activities: 1) Developing and authorizing	the Tra	ining Policy of EWSA, 2) Developing database for				
	distribution system in Kigali using GIS, 3) Delivery of on-site practical trainings of power facilities for the						
	core-trainers and the core-engineers, 4) Evaluating	trainin	g effects for the core-trainers and the core-engineers.				
	3. Inputs (to carry out above activities)						
	Japanese Side	Rw	andan Side				
	1) Experts: 9 persons	1.	Staff Allocated: 42 persons				
	2) Trainees Received: 2 persons	2.	Land and Facilities: Project office space and the				
	3) Equipment: GIS software, GPS, PC, Print		training center				
	Software for Transmission system analys	3.	Local Cost: Cost of GIS surveyor, administrative				
	training equipment for distribution system		costs for the distribution technician trainings, cost				
	4) Local Cost: Cost of vehicles and project activiti	s	for preparation for the Gasata diesel power plant				
	including inks and paper		for the core-engineer training				
Project Period	March, 2011 – March, 2014 Project Cost	-ante) 350 million yen, (actual) 420 million yen					
Implementing	Ministry of Infrastructure (MININFRA)						
Agency Rwanda Energy Group (REG) (EWSA was reorganized to REG in July 2014)							
Cooperation Agency	Nippon Koei Co., LTD.						
in Japan							

II. Result of the Evaluation

1 Relevance

<Consistency with the Development Policy of Rwanda at the Time of Ex-Ante Evaluation and Project Completion>

The project was consistent with the Rwanda's development policies of "the Rwanda Vision 2020", - "the Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy (EDPRS) 2008-2012" and "the Second Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy 2013-2018", prioritizing capacity building of individuals and organizations in the electricity sector for provision of electricity to 270,000 households by 2012 as well as achievement of the electrification rate of 100% across the country through off-grid and on-grid solutions by 2018.

<Consistency with the Development Needs of Rwanda at the Time of Ex-Ante Evaluation and Project Completion >

The project was consistent with the Rwanda's development needs of capacity building of engineers and technicians operating and maintaining power facilities under EWSA as well as establishment of internal training system for the capacity building in EWSA. The needs did not change from the time of ex-ante evaluation to the time of project completion.

<Consistency with Japan's ODA Policy at the Time of Ex-Ante Evaluation>

The project was consistent with the Japan's ODA policy for Rwanda based on the annual policy dialogue on economic cooperation between Rwanda and Japan in 2010 prioritized support for the three areas including economic infrastructure and industrial development, especially road traffic and energy.

<Evaluation Result>

In light of the above, the relevance of the project is high.

2 Effectiveness/Impact

<Status of Achievement for the Project Purpose at the time of Project Completion>

The Project Purpose was achieved by the project completion. The internal trainings on the O&M of distribution system by the core-trainers who were trained by the project (Indicator 1) were implemented five times at the Training Center by October 2013. OJTs on

the O&M of the transmission system (Indicator 2) were conducted through the on-site trainings of basics of construction and supervision for the engineers at actual construction sites by the core-engineers trained by the project. In terms of OJTs on the O&M of hydropower generation plants (Indicator 3), the OJTs by the core-engineers trained by the project started as planned. The core-engineers of diesel power generation plants trained by the project conducted trainings for newly assigned plant managers and engineers (Indicator 4). For training evaluation (Indicator 5), 3 monitoring reports for the trainings of hydropower plants were prepared by the core-engineers and 1 review report for the 4th technician training on distribution system at the Training Center was prepared. However, any training evaluation report for OJTs on transmission system and diesel power generation plants was not prepared.

<Continuation Status of Project Effects at the time of Ex-post Evaluation>

The project effects have been partially continued since the project completion. The internal technical training system established by the project, including the internal technical trainings on the O&M of the distribution system at the Training Center and OJTs at the transmission system and the power generation plants, have not continued because of the restructuring of EWSA¹. Since the core-trainers and the core-engineers have got promoted or have been transferred to other positions, they have not been engaged in the internal technical trainings for other engineers and technicians. In addition, the Training Center, which was established in 1988 in order to train necessary technicians and engineers for O&M of power facilities, became a property of the Water and Sanitation Corporation which was separated from EWSA as a part of the restructuring. In terms of monitoring and evaluation activities to assess the training effects, any training evaluation report has not been made after ending the project due to no person in charge of it under the organizational restructuring of REG.

The GIS distribution system database, which was established by the project for efficient and effective O&M of the distribution system with underground cables, has been continuously utilized by REG, and its coverage has expanded to the low voltage distribution lines in the whole country over Kigali city where was the site covered by the project. This is because the GIS staffs trained by the project have still taken responsibilities for operating, maintaining and updating the GIS database.

<Status of Achievement for Overall Goal at the time of Ex-post Evaluation>

The Overall Goal has been partially achieved at the time of ex-post evaluation. While internal technical trainings or OJTs by core-trainers for engineers or technicians of hydropower and diesel power generation plants (Indicator 1) have stopped since the project completion, the internal technical trainings on distribution and transmission systems have limitedly been sustained for newly recruited engineers and technicians by using the training manuals, textbooks and materials developed by the project.

Regarding improvement of the O&M of the power facilities (Indicator 2), the overall restoration time of power facilities reduced from 9,341 minutes in 2016 to 7,744 minutes in 2017. The project might have partly contributed to the improvement of power system by the improved technical capacity to identify troubles and to take necessary actions for trouble shooting. The number of accidents in the distribution system and the hydropower generation plants have been limited: 3 times a year in the entire distribution system in 2016 and as of July 2017, respectively, and 2 times in only 2015 but no accident in other years at the hydropower generation plants. The patrol and inspection of the transmission system, which is the main maintenance activity for the transmission system, has been continuously implemented by the engineers of the Transmission Department of the Energy Utility Corporation Limited (EUCL) twice a year for the period from 2014 to 2017. At the diesel power generation plants, the lubrication system has been maintained by the REG engineers while the complex system has been maintained by the manufacturer. Since the project completion, no accident has occurred in the diesel power plants.

<Other Impacts at the time of Ex-post Evaluation>

No other positive and negative impact was observed at the time of ex-post evaluation.

<Evaluation Result>

In light of the above, the Project Purpose was achieved but the project effects have been partially continued and the Overall Goal has been partially achieved. Therefore, the effectiveness/impact of the project is fair.

Achievement of Project Purpose and Overall Goal

Aim	Indicators	Indicators Results	
(Project Purpose)	(Indicator 1)	Status of the Achievement: Achieved	
Training system for	By the end of the project, the internal	(Project Completion)	
operation and	trainings by core-trainers for operation and	• Five times by October 2013	
maintenance of power	maintenance of distribution system at the	(Ex-post Evaluation)	
facilities is improved.	Training Center are implemented at least	• To be verified as level of achievement of the Overall Goal (Indicator 1).	
	three times.		
	(Indicator 2)	Status of the Achievement: Partially Achieved	
	By the end of the project, OJTs by the	(Project Completion)	
	core-engineers for operation and	Trainings on necessary skills for operation of transmission for the	
	maintenance of transmission system are	core-engineers were conducted by the Japanese experts but OJTs by the	
	started.	core-engineers for other engineers did not start.	
		On-site trainings for the core-engineers and other engineers at the	
		construction sites were conducted in order to learn basics of maintenance	
		of transmission system but OJTs by the core-engineers for other engineers	
		did not start.	
		(Ex-post Evaluation)	
		• To be verified as level of achievement of the Overall Goal (Indicator 1).	

¹ The power sector of EWSA was transformed to REG and its subsidiaries of the Energy Utility Corporation Limited (EUCL) and the Energy Development Corporation Limited (EDCL).

(Indicator 3) Status of the Achievement: Achieved									
	By the end of the project, OJTs by the	(Project Completion)							
	core-engineers for operation and	OJTs by the trained core-engineers started.							
	maintenance of hydropower generation	(Ex-post Evaluation)							
	plants are started.	• To be verified as level of achievement of the Overall Goal (Indicator 1).							
	(Indicator 4)		nievement: Achieve	d					
	By the end of the project, OJTs by the	(Project Comple							
	core-engineers for operation and	 Trainings for newly assigned plant managers and engineers were conducted by the core engineers as OJTs. (Ex-post Evaluation) 							
	maintenance of diesel power generation								
	plants are started.								
		To be verified	d as level of achieve	ement of	the Over	he Overall Goal (Indicator 1). (Not continued)			
	(Indicator 5)	Status of the Ach	nievement: Partially	achieved	d (Not co				
	By the end of the project, at least one	(Project Comple	•						
	training evaluation report for each of the	 3 monitoring 	reports were prepa	red for th	e training	g sessions	s by the	;	
	above internal trainings and OJTs is	_	rs of the hydropowe	-					
	prepared.	_	ort for the 4th techr	iician trai	ining (dis	tribution	system) at the	
		_	ter was prepared.						
		(Ex-post Evaluation)							
		Any report has not been prepared after the project completion.							
(Overall Goal)	(Indicator 1)		(Ex-post Evaluation) Partially AchievedTechnical trainings have been delivered for only the newly assigned					,d	
Operation and	The technical training for engineers and	engineers and	d technicians under	the new	or omy u structure	of EUCL	/EDCI	;u , but th	
Maintenance (O&M)	technicians are continued.		nical training systen						
activities for power	i) Refreshing and upgrading training for	discontinued			-				
facilities of EWSA are	the trained core-trainers and		for engineers of hy	dropowe	r and dies	sel power	genera	ıtion	
improved.	core-engineers	plants has stopped.						,	
	ii) Core-trainers/Core-engineers training	[No. of internal trainings by core-trainers for technicians or engineers]							
	for newly assigned engineers	1 2014 2015 2016					2017		
	iii) Distribution: distribution technician	D: (1 .:	NT C		4	4		(Plan)	
	training by the core-trainers	Distribution	No. of trainings		5	5	4	4	
	iv) Transmission: on-site trainings by the	System	No. of participant	S			5	5	
	core-engineers, including patrol and	Transmission	No. of trainings		4	4	4	4	
	inspection of the transmission system	System	No. of participant	S	4	4	5	6	
	and supervision of construction works,								
	v) Hydropower plants: theoretical trainings								
	and OJTs by the core-engineers,								
	vi) Diesel power plants: theoretical trainings and OJTs by the core-engineer (Indicator 2) Improvement of O&M activities are								
			tion) Partially Achie	eved					
			 (Ex-post Evaluation) Partially Achieved The overall restoration time of power facilities per year: 9,341 minutes in 						
	recorded and periodically reviewed at each	2016 and 7,741 minutes in 2017.							
	power facility as follows:		of accidents in the p		ilities ha	ve been l	imited.		
	i) Reduction of restoration time for each	No. of accidents	s in each system or	plantj	-		20	17	
	power facility			2014	2015	2016		017 f July	
	ii) Decrease in the number of accidents for	Distribution Sy	stem	N.A.	N.A.	3	120 0	3	
	distribution system and hydropower	Transmission I	Line	0	0	0		0	
	plants	Hydropower G	eneration Plants	0	2	0		0	
	iii) Implementation of patrol and inspection	TEN . 7	1		1 1		. 10 .		
	for transmission system	The patrol and inspection for transmission a year			n nas bee	n conduc	ted 2 ti	mes pe	
	iv) Identification of cause of troubles for	a year.Identification	 Identification of cause of troubles for diesel power generation 				on plan	ıts has	
	diesel power generation plants.	been sustaine			1	٠	r		
	ation Report (FN) Questionnaire and Interview	1							

Source: Terminal Evaluation Report (EN), Questionnaire and Interviews with REG/EUCL/EDCL

3 Efficiency

Although the project period was as planned (ratio against the plan: 100%), the project cost exceeded the plan (ratio against the plan: 120%) due to an additional input of a Japanese expert specifying human resources development in order to promote the activities to set up internal training system in EWSA.

Therefore, the efficiency of the project is fair.

4 Sustainability

<Policy Aspect>

There has been no policy change in Rwanda since the project completion. While the Vision 2020 targets the extension of power supply, EDPRS II (2013-2018) aims at the extension of domestic interconnectivity of the country through improvement of infrastructure, including power networks.

<Institutional Aspect>

[Internal Training System]

The restructuring process of the former EWSA has been still on going. Although the new organizational plan includes the internal technical training system, the organizational structure to conduct the internal technical trainings and OJTs at the power facilities has not

been confirmed yet at the time of ex-post evaluation. Therefore, no core-trainers for the internal technical training and no core-engineers for OJTs at the power facilities has been assigned. While the Human Resources Department of REG is in charge of training evaluation, the new organizational structure does not have a training evaluation system based on the ones proposed by the project. REG deploys 14 staffs for the human resource management and trainings for the staffs of the two subsidiaries of EUCL and EDCL.

The training center, which had been a part of assets owned by EWSA, was handed over to the Water and Sanitation Corporation (WASAC), which was the entity in charge of water supply and sanitation separated from the former EWSA. REG has a plan to construct a new training center in in Gahanga area, Kicukiro District, in Kigali City.

[O&M activities for the Power facilities]

Under the new structure of the power sector, REG is responsible for management of the power sector business as a holding company. As mentioned above, REG owns EDCL and EUCL. While EDCL is in charge of planning and development of power supply facilities, EUCL is responsible for operation and maintenance (O&M) of the power supply system. EUCL has the Department of Distribution for the distribution system, the Department of Transmission for the transmission system and the Department of Generation for the hydropower generation plants and diesel power generation plants.

Each of EUCL and EDCL have deployed the sufficient numbers of engineers and/or technicians for the O&M activities: EUCL has 95 staffs for the distribution system and 130 staffs for the transmission system and 124 staffs for the hydropower plants and 38 staffs for the diesel power plants.

[GIS distribution system database]

The Planning Department of EUCL has been in charge of the distribution system database based on GIS which had been established by the project. The GIS team trained by the project transferred to EUCL and three staffs were newly recruited in 2015. It has 6 staffs for operating, maintaining and updating the database so that they are sufficient to carry out their tasks.

<Technical Aspect>

[Internal Technical Training and OJTs]

The core-trainers and the core-engineers trained by the project have sustained the knowledge and skills to deliver the internal technical trainings and OJTs. However, there is no chance for them to transfer their skills and knowledge to other engineers and technicians since the internal technical training system has not been functioning in the new organization. On the other hand, the training manuals, textbooks and materials for the internal technical trainings or OJTs at the power facilities have still been utilized by REG even after the project.

[O&M of the power facilities]

Since the O&M of the power facilities have been improved by the reduced restoration time, the limited number of accidents at the power facilities, and the improved maintenance activities by the engineers, the engineers and/or technicians have sustained the necessary skills and knowledge about the O&M of each power facility.

[GIS distribution system database]

The staffs trained by the project have sustained their knowledge and skills to utilize and to update the distribution system database based on GIS and still been involved in the database without any influence brought by the organizational restructuring so that they have expanded its coverage from Kigali city to the whole country after ending the project. The training manuals of GIS elaborated by the project have been still useful. These manuals have been utilized for OJTs of the newly recruited staffs.

<Financial Aspect>

As the organizational restructuring in REG has been on going, there is no any available data for REG and its subsidiaries.

<Evaluation Result>

In light of the above, some problems have been observed in terms of the institutional and financial aspects of the implementing agency. Therefore, the sustainability of the effectiveness through the project is fair.

5 Summary of the Evaluation

The project achieved the Project Purpose and partially achieved the Overall Goal. While the O&M activities of the power facilities have been improved, the internal technical trainings and OJTs at the power facilities, which had been established by the project, have not been sustained due to the ongoing restructuring process of REG (EDCL/EUCL). As for sustainability, the improved O&M activities introduced by the project have been practiced at each power facilities. Though some internal trainings continued to be implemented, the proper technical training system designed by the project has not been established yet under the new organization of REG and no budget data is available for REG As for efficiency, the project cost exceeded the plan due to the fact that an expert of Human Resource Development was additionally added as input in order to promote activities to setup an internal training system of EWSA.

Considering all of the above points, this project is evaluated to be partially satisfactory.

III. Recommendations & Lessons Learned

Recommendations for Implementing Agency:

[For EDCL and EUCL]

• It is necessary to ensure the organizational structure or setting to conduct the internal technical trainings or OJTs at the power facilities introduced by the project for the proper O&M activities at the distribution, transmission and generation facilities in the new EUCL and EDCL structures in the ongoing restructuring process for the coming 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Lessons Learned for JICA:

After the project, the core-engineers and core-trainers were promoted or assigned to other positions and the internal trainings and OJTs have been suspended under the new organization of REG. Therefore, it is important to mitigate impacts by the organizational structure change and to increase commitment and ownership of the implementing agency in order to consider and sustain the project achievements even after the organizational restructuring. In addition, JICA overseas offices need to discuss closely, monitor and follow-up with the implementing agencies and related ministries on how to ensure the "sustainability" of the project effects especially when a sudden institutional change has occurred after the project completion.



Ongoing utilization of GIS Distribution System Database equipped by the project



EUCL Engineers conduct regular patrol and inspections of the entire transmission system